

# *Transmetteur de température et d'humidité capteur SHT20 Modbus RS485*

*Description du produit:*

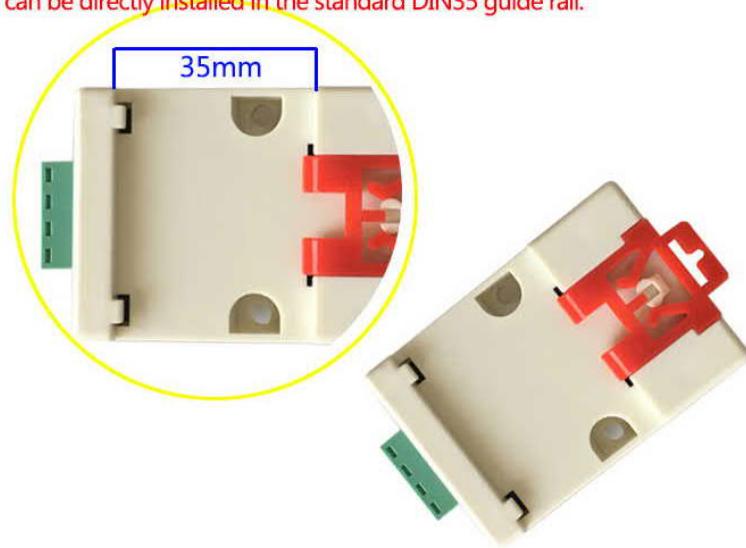
*Le produit adopte une puce de qualité industrielle, des capteurs de température et d'humidité SHT20 de haute précision, assurent aux produits une bonne fiabilité, une haute précision et l'échangeabilité.*

*Adopter l'interface matérielle RS485 (avec la conception de protection contre la foudre), la couche de protocole compatible avec le protocole industriel standard Modbus Rtu.*

*Ce produit intégrant le protocole MODBUS avec l'ordinaire, les utilisateurs peuvent choisir les protocoles de communication, accord commun avec fonction de téléchargement automatique* (*Connectez l'outil de mode d'interface série RS485 en produisant automatiquement la température et l'humidité*).

## **Standard card rail installation**

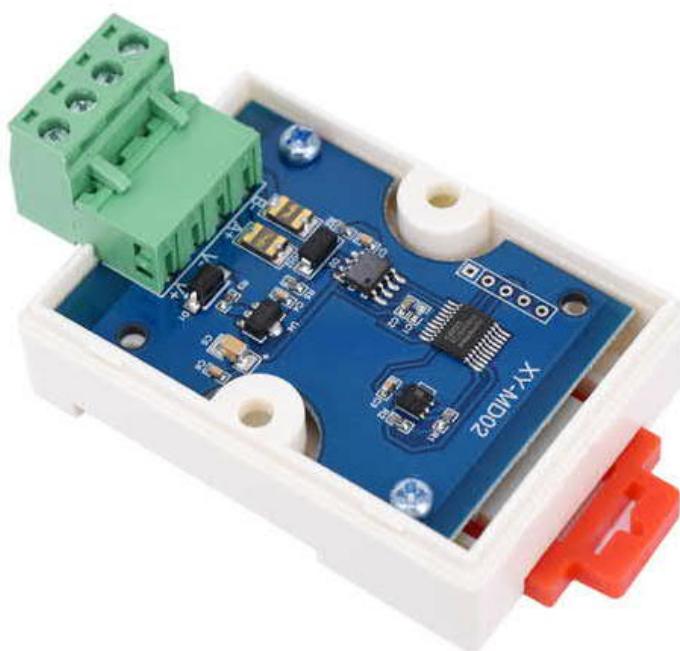
*Standard 35mm card rail installation, the appearance is small and exquisite, can be directly installed in the standard DIN35 guide rail.*





Weight : 41g

Commodity coding	XY-MD02	Temperature precision	$\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( 25°C)
Product name	Temperature and humidity transmitter	Humidity precision	$\pm 3\%$ RH
DC power supply	DC 5-30V	Temperature range	-40°C~+60°C
Output signal	RS485 signal	Humidity range	0%RH~80%RH
Communication protocol	Modbus-RTU protocol and Custom general protocol	Temperature resolution	0.1°C
Mailing address	1~247 can be set, by default 1	Humidity resolution	0.1%RH
Baud rate	Can be set, by default 9600 8 bit data, 1 bit stop, no check.	Equipment power consumption	$\leq 0.2\text{W}$



## *How to connect devices, teach how to use Arduino Temperature and Humidity Sensor XY-MD02 SHT20 Temperature and Humidity*

### 1. Connect devices as below

Arduino UNO R3 -> RS485 module

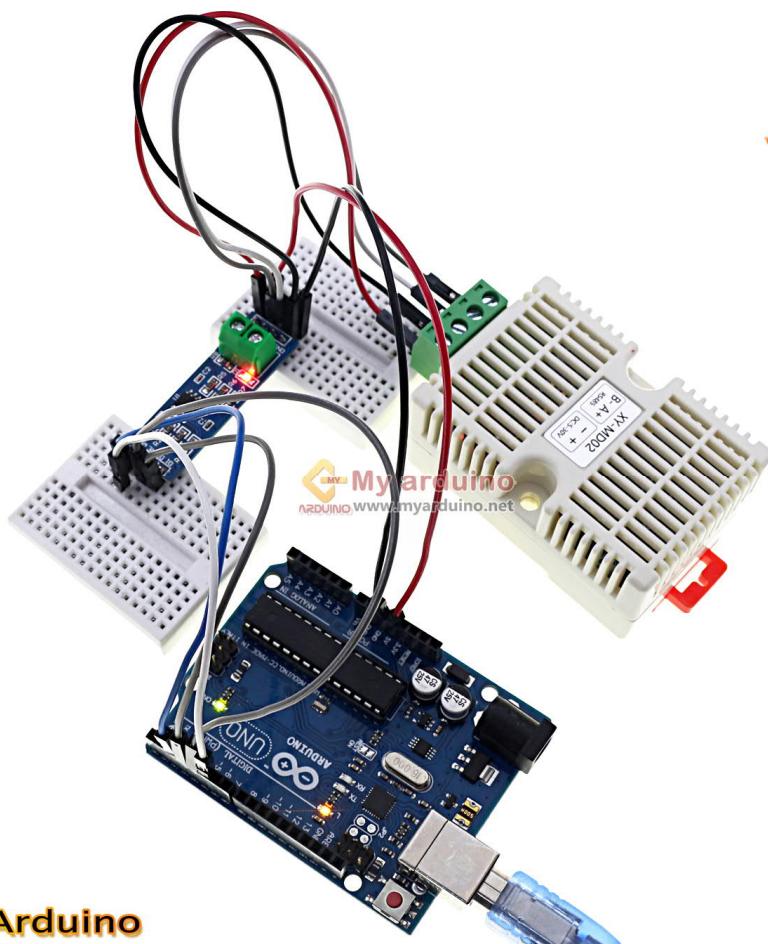
- 5 V - > VCC
- GND - > GND
- 2 - > R0
- 3 - > DI
- 4 - > DE
- 5 - > RE

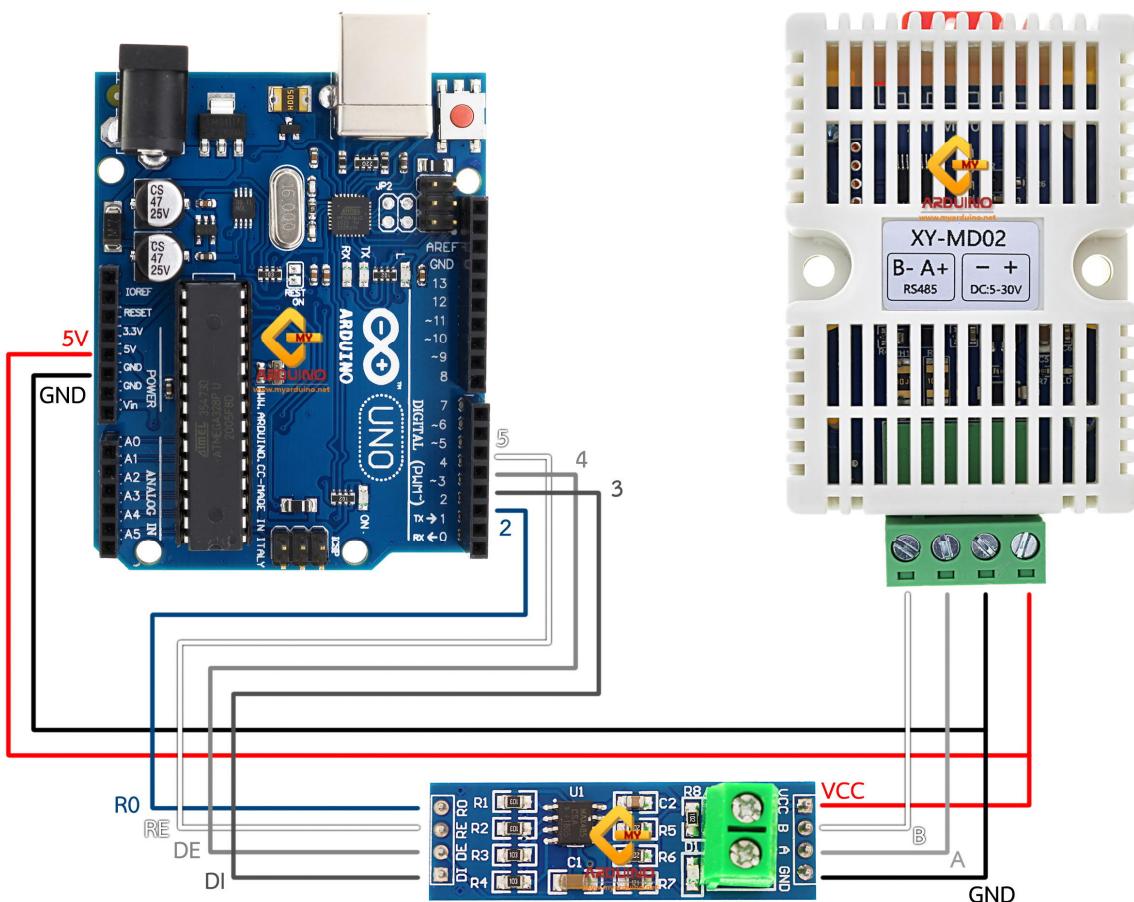
Arduino UNO R3 -> XY-MD02

- 5 V - > ( + )
- GND - > ( - )

RS485 module -> XY-MD02

- VCC - > ( + )
- GND -> ( - )
- B - > B-
- A - > A+

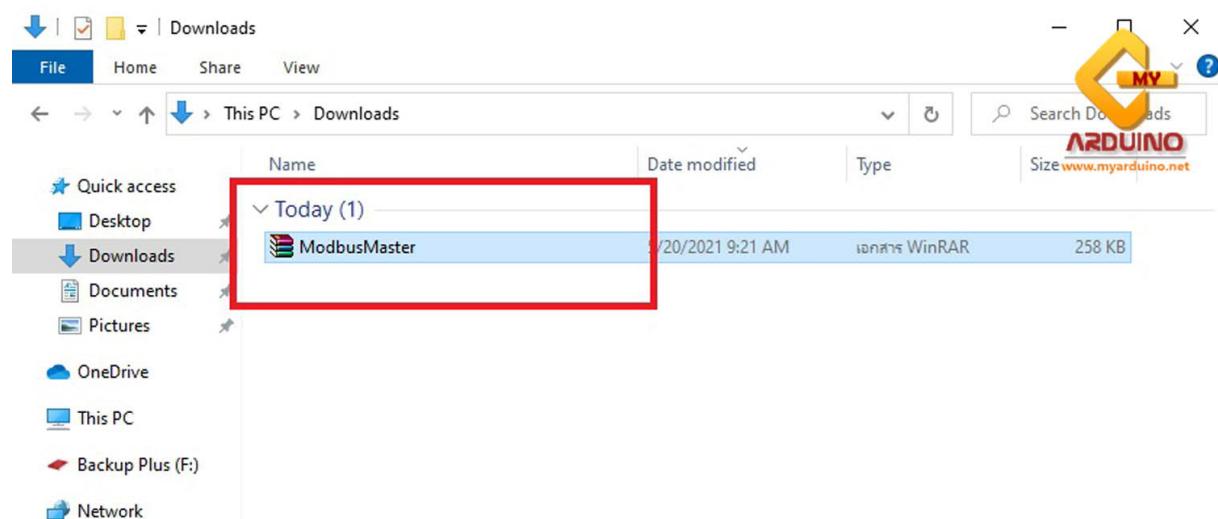




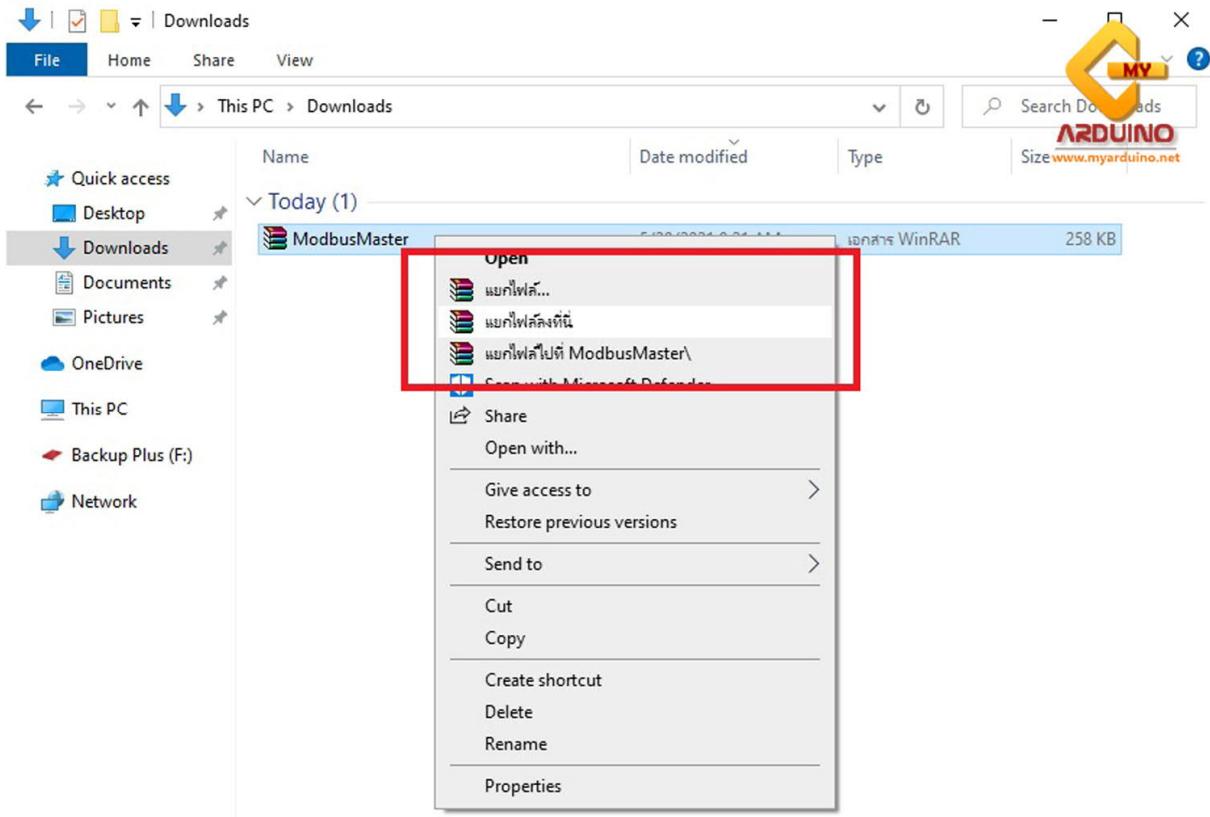
2. Once the device is connected successfully Please download the Library from the link below.

### Load Library

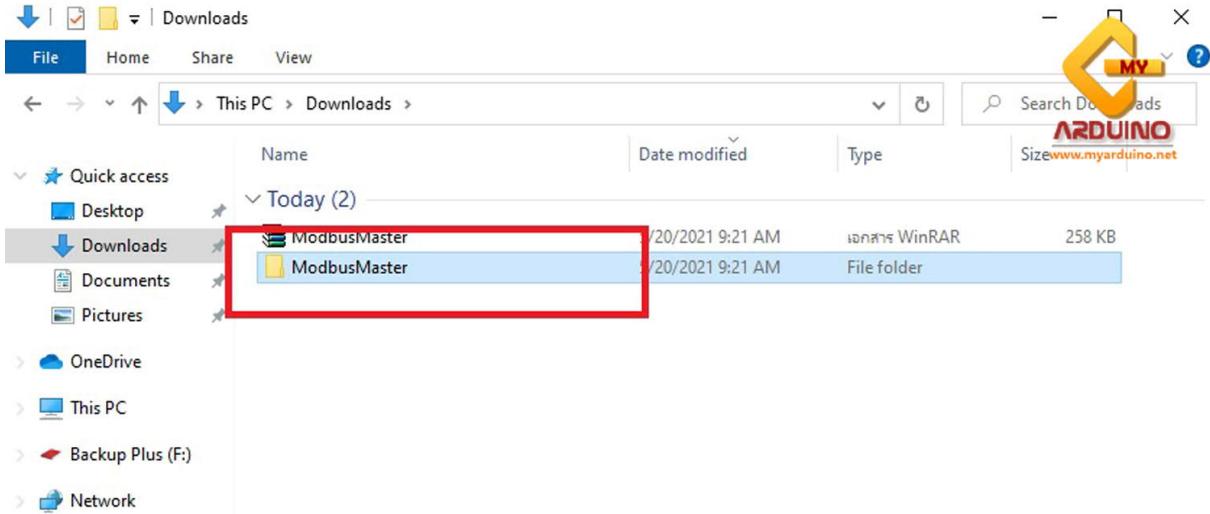
- <https://www.mediafire.com/file/lhri5xnrzwmia81/ModbusMaster.rar/file>

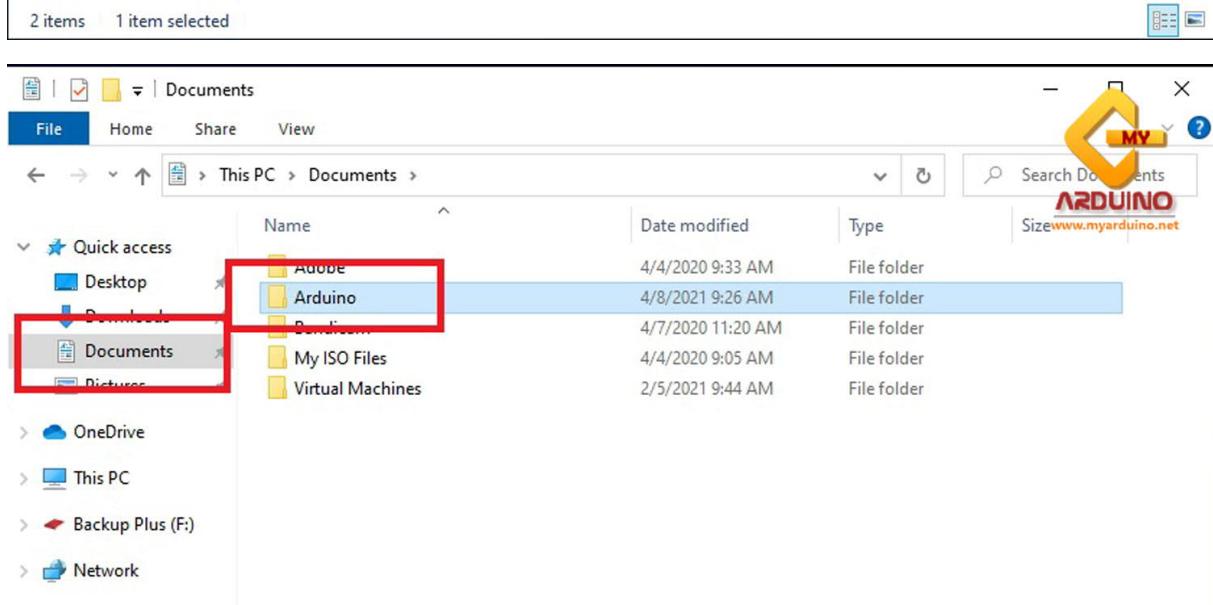
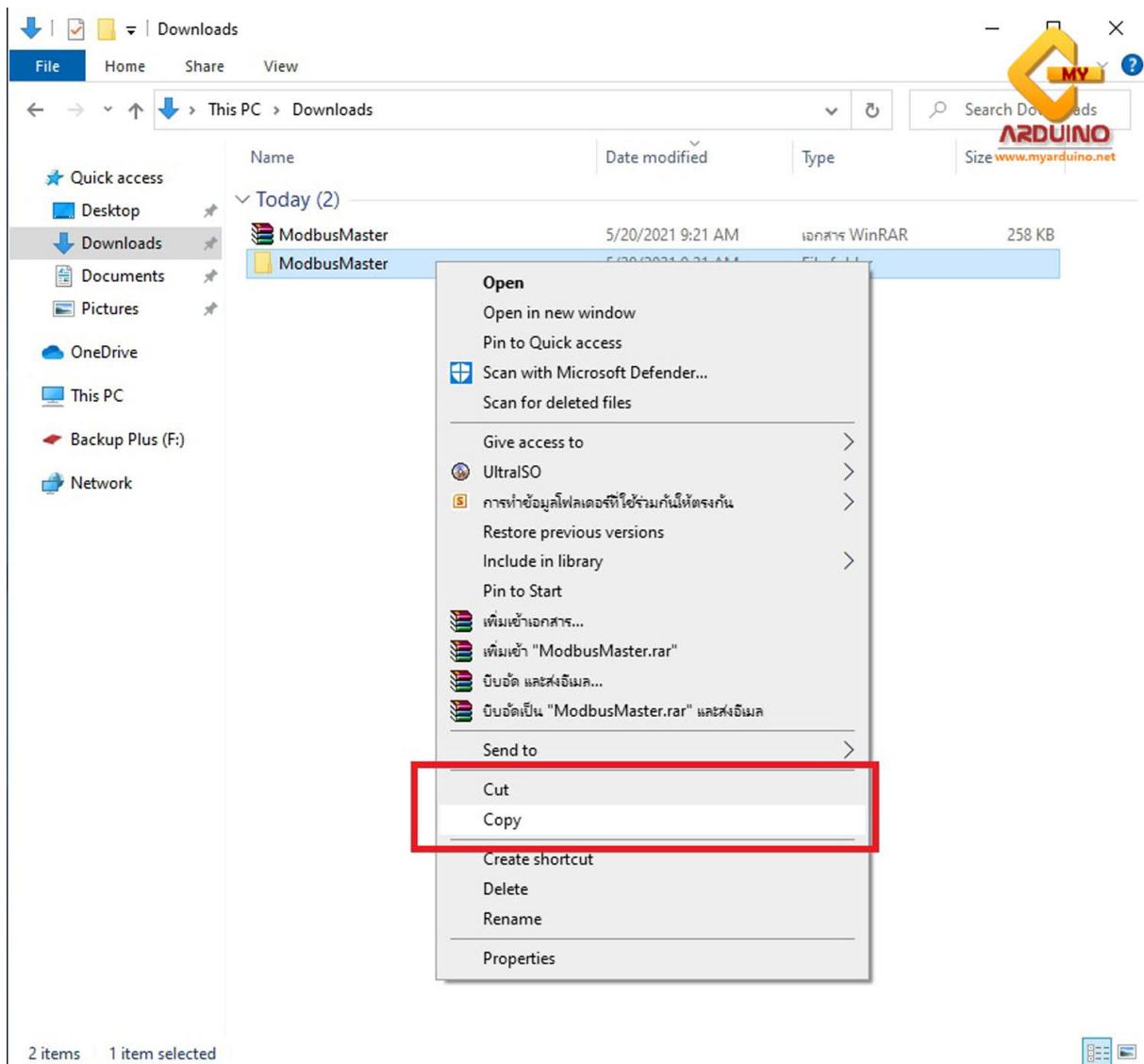


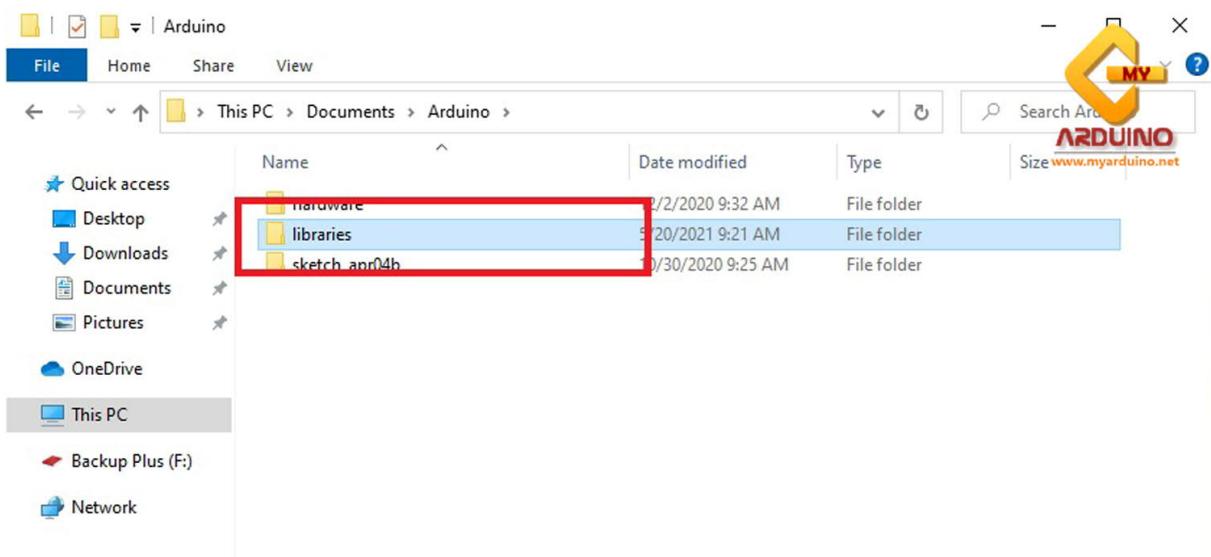
3. Extract the files. For extracting files, it is necessary to have WinRAR or WinZip installed on your computer.

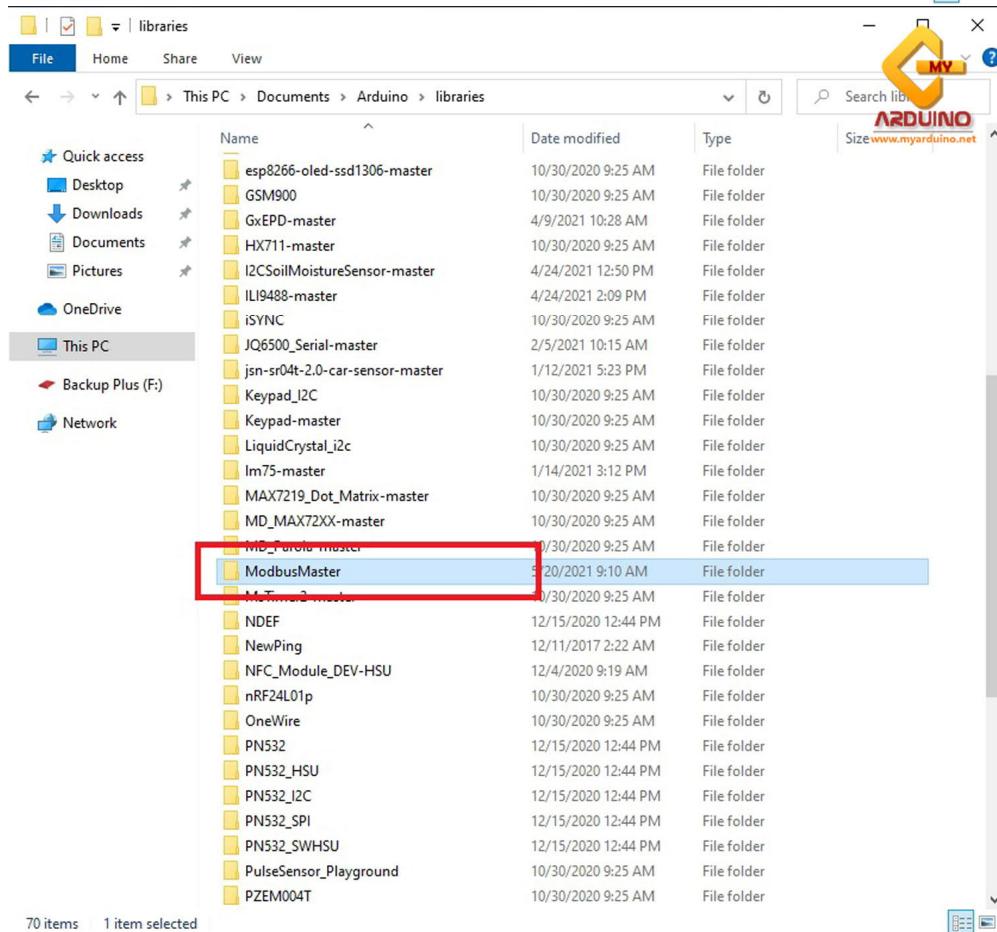
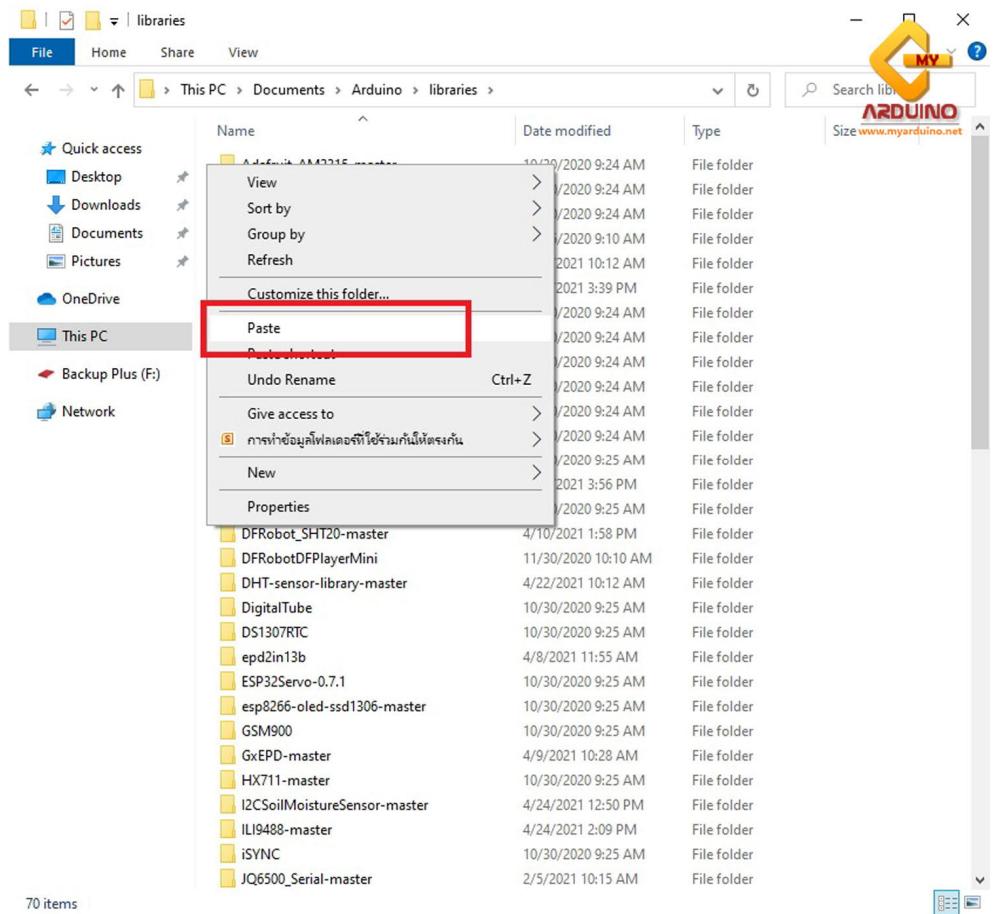


4. After extracting the files, copy the folder into the libraries *folder* of the Arduino IDE program.  
Example Location : This PC > Document > Arduino > libraries.









6. Then copy the sample code below and paste it into the Arduino IDE *program*.

```
#include
<SoftwareSerial.h>
#include <ModbusMaster.h>

SoftwareSerial mySerial(2, 3); // RX, TX

#define MAX485_DE      4
#define MAX485_RE_NEG  5

ModbusMaster node;

void preTransmission()
{
    digitalWrite(MAX485_RE_NEG, 1);
    digitalWrite(MAX485_DE, 1);
}

void postTransmission()
{
    digitalWrite(MAX485_RE_NEG, 0);
    digitalWrite(MAX485_DE, 0);
}

void setup()
{
    pinMode(MAX485_RE_NEG, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(MAX485_DE, OUTPUT);
    // Init in receive mode
    digitalWrite(MAX485_RE_NEG, 0);
    digitalWrite(MAX485_DE, 0);
    Serial.println("start init serial 0");
    Serial.begin(9600);

    while (!Serial) {
        Serial.println("loop for init serial 0");
    }
    Serial.println("start init software serial");
    mySerial.begin(9600);
```

```

while (!mySerial) {
    Serial.println("loop for init software serial");
}

node.begin(1, mySerial);
node.preTransmission(preTransmission);
node.postTransmission(postTransmission);

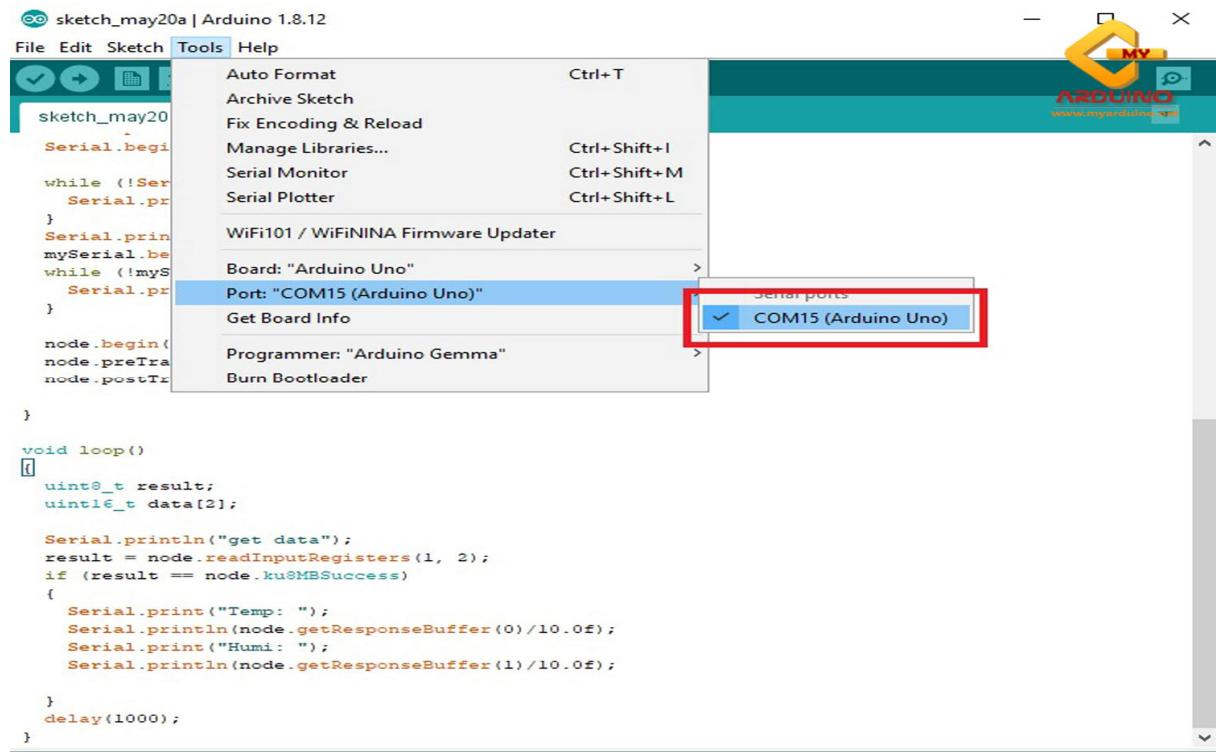
}

void loop()
{
    uint8_t result;
    uint16_t data[2];

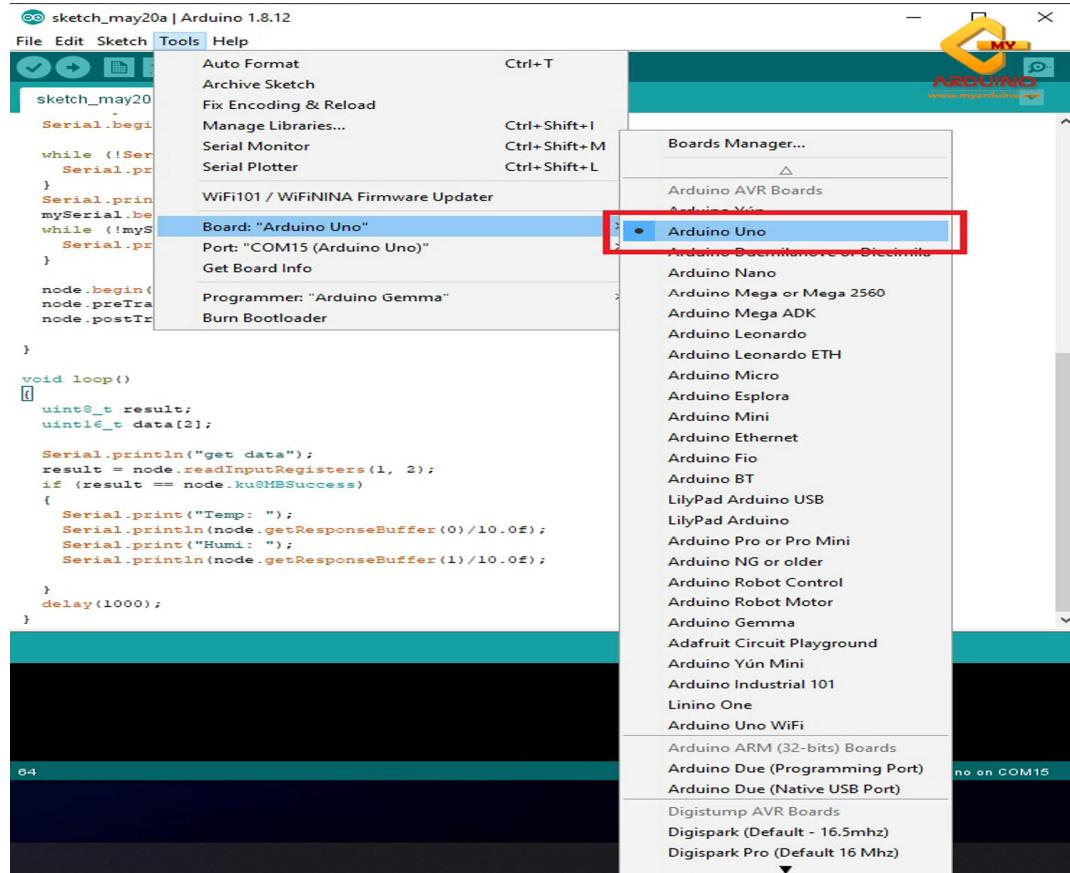
    Serial.println("get data");
    result = node.readInputRegisters(1, 2);
    if (result == node.ku8MBSuccess)
    {
        Serial.print("Temp: ");
        Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(0)/10.0f);
        Serial.print("Humi: ");
        Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(1)/10.0f);
        Serial.println();
    }
    delay(1000);
}

```

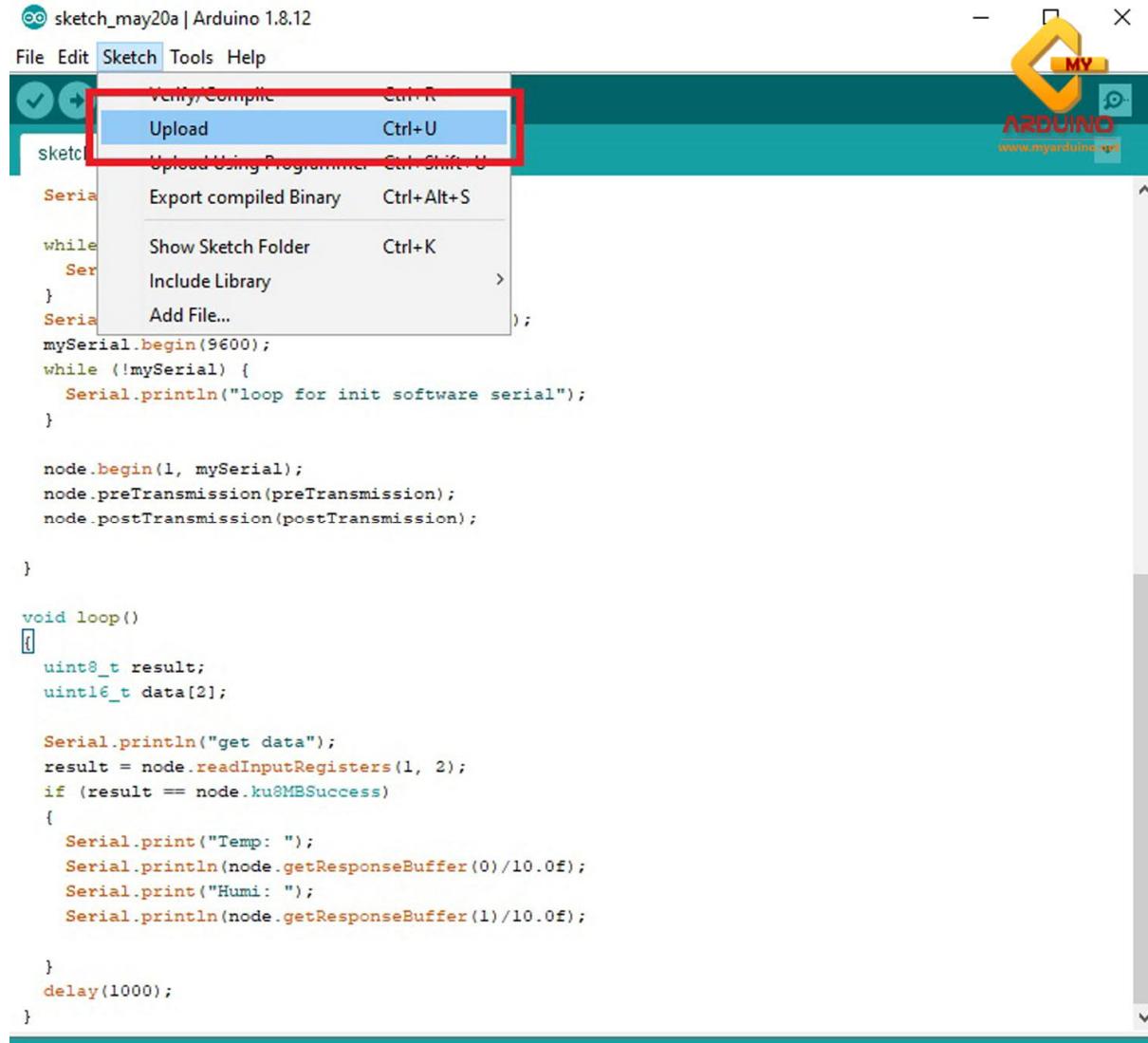
7. Select the port connected to the board.



8. Select the type of board to use.



9. Upload the code to the board by selecting the Upload menu in the Sketch menu bar in the top menu bar.



The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE interface. The title bar reads "sketch\_may20a | Arduino 1.8.12". The menu bar has "File", "Edit", "Sketch", "Tools", and "Help". A red box highlights the "Sketch" menu, which is open to show the following options:

- Verify/Compile
- Upload **Ctrl+U**
- Upload Using Programmer **Ctrl+Shift+U**
- Export compiled Binary **Ctrl+Alt+S**
- Show Sketch Folder **Ctrl+K**
- Include Library >
- Add File...

The main code editor window contains the following C++ code:

```
sketch_may20a | Arduino 1.8.12
File Edit Sketch Tools Help
[ sketch_may20a ]
  Verify/Compile Ctrl+R
  Upload Ctrl+U
  Upload Using Programmer Ctrl+Shift+U
  Export compiled Binary Ctrl+Alt+S
  Show Sketch Folder Ctrl+K
  Include Library >
  Add File...
mySerial.begin(9600);
while (!mySerial) {
    Serial.println("loop for init software serial");
}

node.begin(1, mySerial);
node.preTransmission(preTransmission);
node.postTransmission(postTransmission);

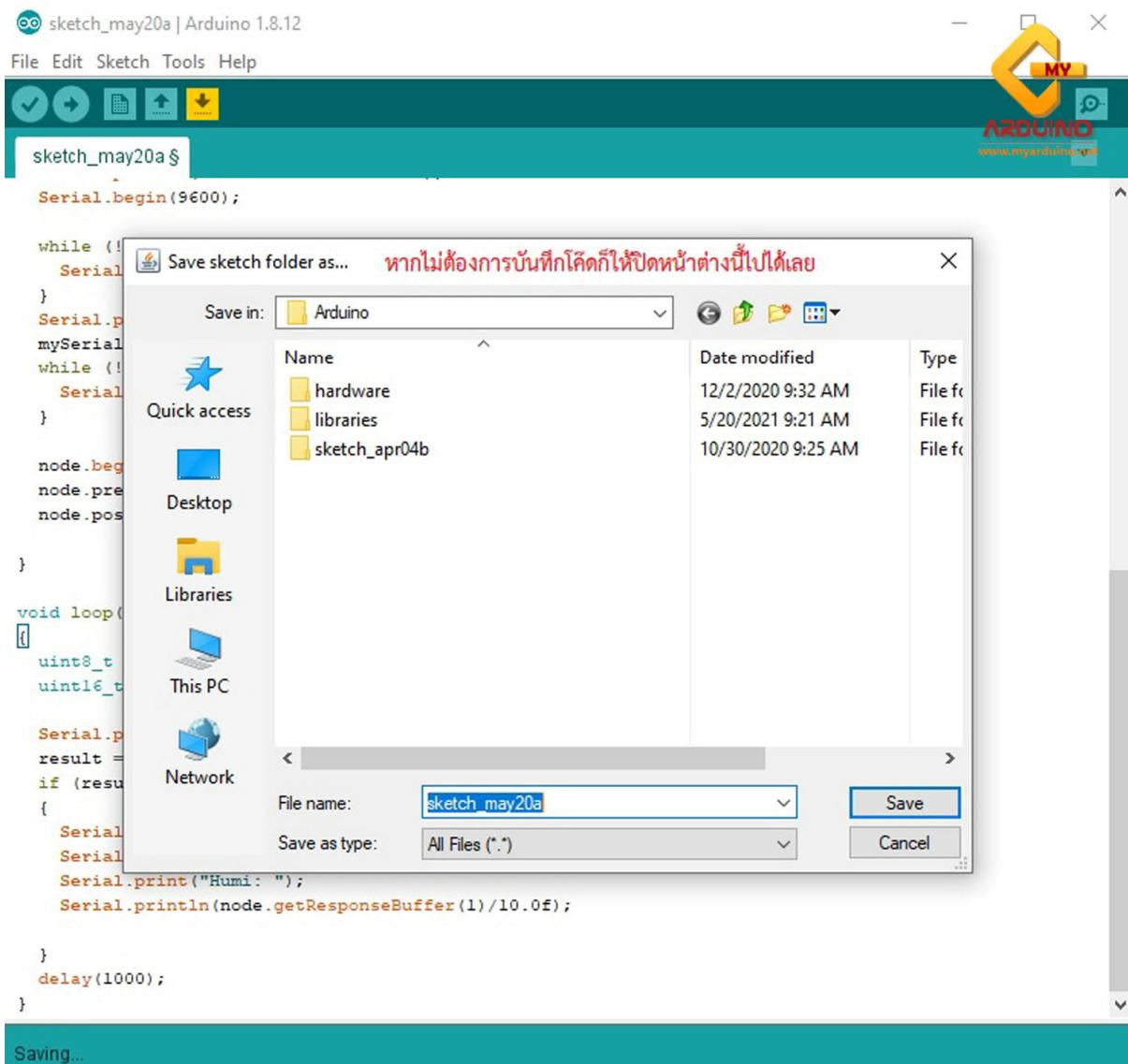
}

void loop()
{
    uint8_t result;
    uint16_t data[2];

    Serial.println("get data");
    result = node.readInputRegisters(1, 2);
    if (result == node.ku8MBSuccess)
    {
        Serial.print("Temp: ");
        Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(0)/10.0f);
        Serial.print("Humi: ");
        Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(1)/10.0f);

    }
    delay(1000);
}
```

10. When you press the Upload button , you can see that the program will pop up a Save sketch folder as... window for the user to save the code. If the user does not need to save the code, then close this window.



11. Wait until the program has finished uploading the code to the board.

M1251\_Arduino | Arduino 1.8.12

File Edit Sketch Tools Help

MY ARDUINO  
www.myarduino.net

```
Serial.begin(9600);

while (!Serial) {
  Serial.println("loop for init serial 0");
}
Serial.println("start init software serial");
mySerial.begin(9600);
while (!mySerial) {
  Serial.println("loop for init software serial");
}

node.begin(1, mySerial);
node.preTransmission(preTransmission);
node.postTransmission(postTransmission);

}

void loop()
{
  uint8_t result;
  uint16_t data[2];

  Serial.println("get data");
  result = node.readInputRegisters(1, 2);
  if (result == node.ku8MBSuccess)
  {
    Serial.print("Temp: ");
    Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(0)/10.0f);
    Serial.print("Humi: ");
    Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(1)/10.0f);

  }
  delay(1000);
}


```

Compiling sketch...

64

Arduino Uno on COM15

12. When the program has finished uploading the code to the board It will appear a message according to the red frame in the picture.



The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE interface with the title bar "M1251\_Arduino | Arduino 1.8.12". The menu bar includes File, Edit, Sketch, Tools, and Help. The toolbar contains icons for save, undo, redo, cut, copy, paste, and upload. The main window displays the sketch code. A red box highlights the status bar at the bottom, which shows "Done uploading." and memory usage details: "Sketch uses 6358 bytes (19%) of program storage space. Maximum is 32256 bytes. Global variables use 669 bytes (32%) of dynamic memory, leaving 1379 bytes for local variables. Maximum

```
Serial.begin(9600);

while (!Serial) {
    Serial.println("loop for init serial 0");
}
Serial.println("start init software serial");
mySerial.begin(9600);
while (!mySerial) {
    Serial.println("loop for init software serial");
}

node.begin(1, mySerial);
node.preTransmission(preTransmission);
node.postTransmission(postTransmission);

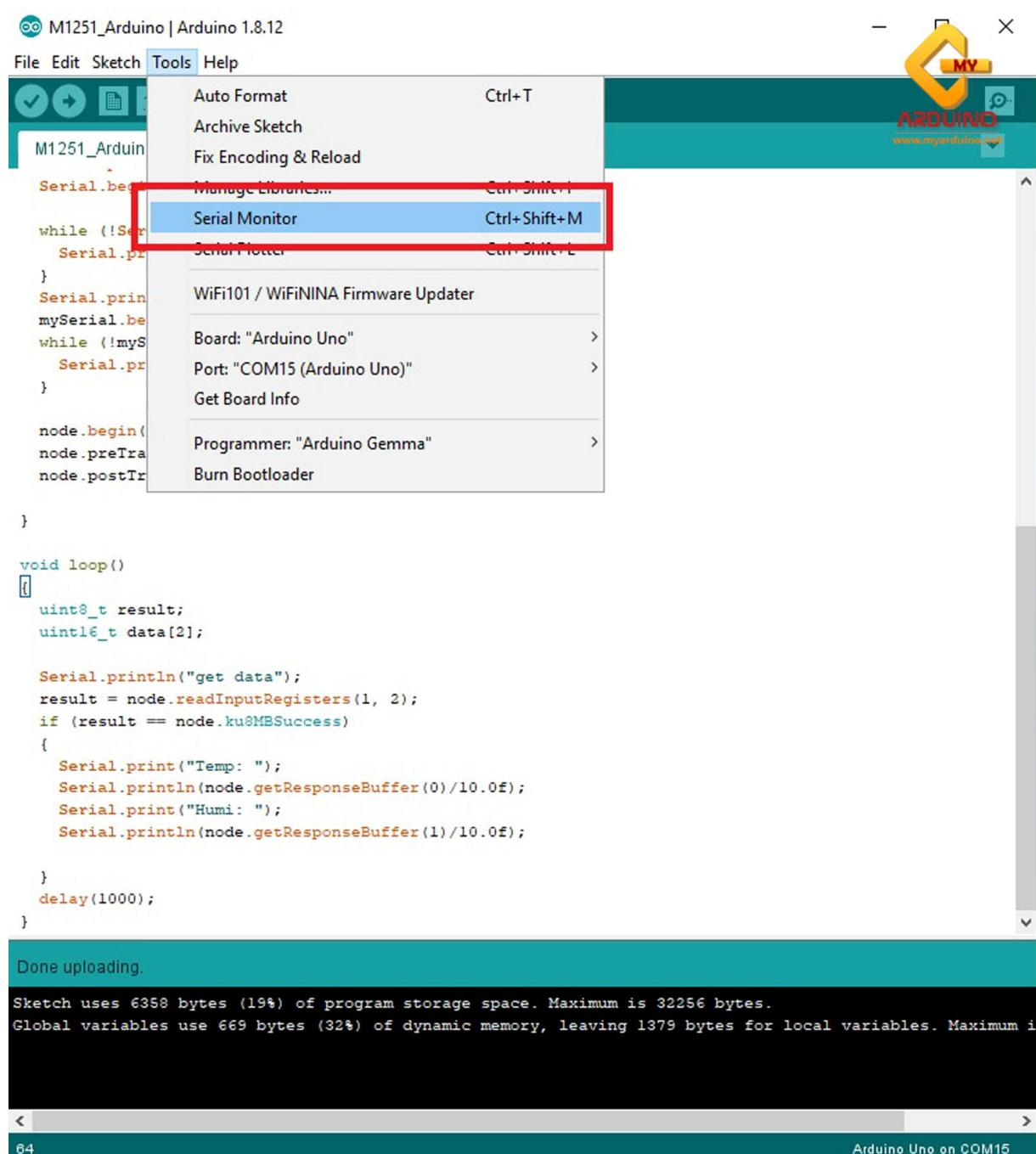
}

void loop()
{
    uint8_t result;
    uint16_t data[2];

    Serial.println("get data");
    result = node.readInputRegisters(1, 2);
    if (result == node.ku8MBSuccess)
    {
        Serial.print("Temp: ");
        Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(0)/10.0f);
        Serial.print("Humi: ");
        Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(1)/10.0f);

    }
    delay(1000);
}
```

13. Open the Serial Monitor screen .



The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE interface. The title bar reads "M1251\_Arduino | Arduino 1.8.12". The menu bar includes File, Edit, Sketch, Tools, and Help. The Tools menu is open, displaying various options like Auto Format, Archive Sketch, and Serial Monitor. The "Serial Monitor" option is highlighted with a blue selection bar and has a red box drawn around it. The main code editor window contains a sketch named "M1251\_Arduino". The code includes a loop function that prints temperature and humidity values from a sensor. At the bottom of the code editor, it says "Done uploading." Below the code editor, status information is displayed: "Sketch uses 6358 bytes (19%) of program storage space. Maximum is 32256 bytes. Global variables use 669 bytes (32%) of dynamic memory, leaving 1379 bytes for local variables. Maximum is". The bottom status bar shows "64" on the left and "Arduino Uno on COM15" on the right.

```
void setup() {  
  // put your setup code here, to run once:  
  Serial.begin(9600);  
  mySerial.begin(9600);  
}  
  
void loop()  
{  
  uint8_t result;  
  uint16_t data[2];  
  
  Serial.println("get data");  
  result = node.readInputRegisters(1, 2);  
  if (result == node.ku8MBSuccess)  
  {  
    Serial.print("Temp: ");  
    Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(0)/10.0f);  
    Serial.print("Humi: ");  
    Serial.println(node.getResponseBuffer(1)/10.0f);  
  
  }  
  delay(1000);  
}  
  
Done uploading.  
  
Sketch uses 6358 bytes (19%) of program storage space. Maximum is 32256 bytes.  
Global variables use 669 bytes (32%) of dynamic memory, leaving 1379 bytes for local variables. Maximum is  
  
64 Arduino Uno on COM15
```

14. When the Serial Monitor screen is opened , it can be seen that the status values are displayed. and will change all the time What appears is  
Humidity is the humidity value  
Temperature is the temperature value.

The screenshot shows the Arduino Serial Monitor window. The title bar says "COM15". The main area displays the following text:  
start init software serial  
get data  
Temp: 24.90 Temp = Temperature = อุณหภูมิ  
Humi: 41.60 Humi = Humidity = ความชื้น

At the bottom, there are three buttons: "Autoscroll" (checked), "Show timestamp" (unchecked), "No line ending" (dropdown set to "No line ending"), "9600 baud" (dropdown set to "9600 baud"), and "Clear output".

15. Then put a cold cloth on the temperature and humidity sensor XY-MD 02, it can be seen that the temperature and humidity will gradually decrease.

The screenshot shows the Arduino Serial Monitor window. The title bar says "COM15". The main area displays the following text:  
get data  
Temp: 25.10  
Humi: 31.60  
  
get data  
Temp: 25.10  
Humi: 31.60  
  
get data  
Temp: 25.20  
Humi: 31.00  
  
get data  
Temp: 25.20  
Humi: 30.80 ค่าอุณหภูมิและความชื้นจะค่อยๆลดลง

At the bottom, there are three buttons: "Autoscroll" (checked), "Show timestamp" (unchecked), "No line ending" (dropdown set to "No line ending"), "9600 baud" (dropdown set to "9600 baud"), and "Clear output".

15. Then remove the cold cloth from the sensor and wait a few minutes. It can be seen that the temperature value will continue to decrease. But soon the temperature value will gradually increase accordingly. and the humidity will increase rapidly.

COM15

```
get data
Temp: 23.50
Humi: 28.40

get data
Temp: 23.40
Humi: 30.30

get data
Temp: 23.40
Humi: 31.50

get data      ค่าอุณหภูมิจะยังคงลดลงอยู่ แต่ในไม่ช้าค่าอุณหภูมิจะค่อยๆเพิ่มขึ้นตามลำดับ
Temp: 23.40
Humi: 32.50  ความชื้นจะเพิ่มขึ้นอย่างรวดเร็ว

 Autoscroll  Show timestamp No line ending 9600 baud Clear output
```

15. Then use a hair dryer to blow hot air to the sensor. It can be seen that the temperature value increases rapidly and the humidity decreases rapidly.

COM15

```
get data
Temp: 35.80
Humi: 26.60

get data
Temp: 36.20
Humi: 26.00

get data
Temp: 36.60
Humi: 25.30

get data      ค่าอุณหภูมิจะเพิ่มขึ้นอย่างรวดเร็ว
Temp: 37.00
Humi: 24.80  ความชื้นจะลดลงอย่างรวดเร็ว

 Autoscroll  Show timestamp No line ending 9600 baud Clear output
```

15. Then disable the hair dryer and wait a few minutes. It can be seen that the temperature value gradually decreases and the humidity value gradually increases.

COM15

get data  
Temp: 34.80  
Humi: 26.60

get data  
Temp: 34.80  
Humi: 26.60

get data  
Temp: 34.80  
Humi: 26.70

get data  
Temp: 34.70 ค่าอุณหภูมิจะค่อยๆลดลง  
Humi: 26.70 ค่าความชื้นจะค่อยๆเพิ่มขึ้น

Autoscroll  Show timestamp      No line ending      9600 baud      Clear output